

Announcement

I have purchased the Red and White service grocery business in Oyen and ask the people of this district for a share of their patronage which I hope to merit by maintaining at all times Good Service and Right Prices.

Watch for our weekly Specials

Red & White Store

SERVICE GROCERY
Horace Shillam

USE Edison Mazda Lamps

115 volts only

Inside Frosted
15-25-40-50 watt.... 25c 100 watt.... 50c
Clear
50 watt clear.... 50c 75 watt clear.... 50c

Radio Tubes Reduced

UX 201 A Radiotron 1.15
UX 112 A Power Tube 2.10
UX 200 A Special Detector, reg. price 3.50
Our Price 3.50

Have your tubes tested Free

Johnson's Garage

Phone 14

Oyen, Alberta

Three Curtis Publications

The Saturday Evening Post

Weekly. \$4.50 a year

The Ladies Home Journal

Monthly. \$1.50 a year

The Country Gentleman

Monthly. \$1.00 a year

(We will take care of the adverse exchange rate)

Send your orders to

Chas. L. Dunford

AGENT - OYEN, ALBERTA

Andy Lees Wins

Grand Challenge in Oyen Mixed 'Spriel

Frank Neid Runner-up in first event. Langmuir and Purcell play off in finals of second competition, Langmuir winning.

Oyen's mixed bonspiel, in which thirty-four rinks took part, was concluded last Saturday night, when the final games in the two events were played off before large galleries.

Andy Lees reached the finals after four well fought battles, two of which went to an extra end. In the final game, the score was one-sided, Neid only using the chalk once. The score by ends:

Andy Lees 214 001 111 3-14
Frank Neid 000 500 000 0-5

Jim Purcell and George Langmuir were the finalists of the second competition. The game was evenly contested for the first six ends then Langmuir scored three ends consecutively. The score by ends:

Jim Purcell 020 102 000 x-5
G. Langmuir 201 030 231 x-12

Charts showing the games played in each competition will be found on page eight, together with the personnel of the winning rinks and the runners-up.

The number of entries constitutes a record for a small town bonspiel and was only eight short of equalling the number of entries in the Calgary open bonspiel, held last month.

Cheap Week-end Fares Continued by Railroads

In response to public demand, low week-end round trip fares, which have been offered by the Canadian National, Canadian Pacific and other railway lines in the Dominion since last summer, will remain in force after February 29, the date originally set for their discontinuance.

In making the announcement the Canadian Passenger Association draws attention to the privileges now in force and of which extension is now to be made. Round trip tickets between any Canadian stations for any week-end are offered by the railways at the rate of one and a quarter times the regular single fare. These tickets are good going from Friday noon until Sunday noon and returning until Monday night.

The travelling public will thus be able to continue its week-end journeys, which have been so popular during the past year, and it is anticipated that the volume of traffic will be even greater as the spring develops. The popularity of the concession is already assured by the thousands who have availed themselves of it, and its extension will, without doubt, be very welcome.

Public Notice

Notice is hereby given that the partnership formerly existing between C. W. Hildout and H. E. Bradford has been dissolved, and the business of the Service Grocery (Red and White Store) in Oyen has been purchased by Horace Shillam. All accounts should be paid to Mr. Shillam and bills against the firm should be presented to Mr. Hildout.

C. W. Hildout
H. E. Bradford

Dated at Oyen, Alta., this 17th day of February, 1932.

Miller's Specials

Men's Silver strip Cottonade
Pants, G. W. G. brand. Selling 1.45

Socks to match 1.65

Men's Blue Pant-Overalls 1.45

Men's Domet Flannel Shirts, grey only, well made, good large sizes. Selling 90c

Boy's Jumbo Knit Sweater Coats.

All Colors and Black. Selling 2.25

Men's Jumbo Knit Sweaters Black and Black with

trim. Selling 2.95 and 3.50

Women's New Dress Shoes. Brown with one strap, Cuban Heel, all sizes 3.25

Wool Blankets

English Witney Blankets, first quality of English Wool. Selling per pair 6.75

O. V. White Wool Blankets, first quality Canadian Wool, large sizes. Selling per pair 6.75

12 pairs Grey Only, Flannelette Blankets, Largest size. Selling 1.95

Car of Bran and Shorts on hand

S. A. MILLER

-MEMBER OF-



Use Advertising Space in Your Home Paper

Overnight Bedroom Sleeping Cars Popular

'Please reserve bedroom on Canadian Pacific 11:00 p.m. train for Toronto,' is a common call nowadays into the railway offices by the travelling public. The company reports a very heavy demand of late for this type of accommodation and this has necessitated operation of bedroom sleeping cars on the runs between Montreal and Quebec, Montreal and Toronto, Ottawa and Toronto, Toronto and Detroit, and Montreal and Detroit.

Privacy, comfort and the latest word in convenience and luxury are keynotes of this latest development in overnight travel by Canadian Pacific as expressed in its single and double bedroom and compartment cars, which represent the equipment of the finest of hotel accommodation. They provide all the luxuries and appointments of individual private rooms with a real bed that assures deep and refreshing sleep. Each room has toilet, lavatory, electric fan, overhead ventilator with exhaust fan, reading lamp and other conveniences, the whole being decorated in pastel colors. In the double bedroom are so overlaid bed may be spread from the wall, if desired, providing additional facilities.

Some further features of the sleeping cars may be enumerated, which make the hours of sleep as refreshing as daylight. Temperature is controlled automatically throughout the train, roller bearings assure smoothness of motion; coil spring mattresses invite restful slumber, heavily padded spring harmonizes with interior arrangements, creating a general soothing effect. The service is prompt and unexcelled. The service is presented to travellers as a masterpiece of transportation luxury and comfort. It is the realization of all those refinements of art and efficiency of which the equipment designers have dreamed. From the inception of this new service it has won in leading place among travellers who have been commended for good average service and perfection in travel. The word 'moderne' has its fullest and most useful expression in these cars.

In the women's dressing rooms attached to the sleeping cars there is real comfort and satisfaction. The most fastidious woman will find facilities such as she would expect to see in a first-class hotel. Mirrored dressing table and other toilet accessories provide maximum accommodation without crowding. Here are vanity chairs conveniently placed, ample artificial and natural light in softly colored shades, electric white porcelain with hot and cold running water, specially prepared soap and a hair-dressing mirror. This affords the requisite pendant to refreshing sleep.

The men are treated in like fashion. They too have commodious dressing rooms where they can relax after not only for the purpose of making their toilet but also for an enjoyable smoke before breakfast or after they have slept. Their room is perfectly lighted, well ventilated amply supplied with facilities of utmost design and in decorative harmonizes with the general finish and furnishings.



Lay-out shows (lower picture) single bedroom car and (above) double bedroom car

BRITAIN PLACES EMPIRE GOODS ON THE FREE LIST

London, England.—Goods from Canada, the other Dominions, India, Southern Rhodesia and mandated territories of the Dominions will be exempt until November 15 next from all provisions of the government's trade bill, seeking to institute general 10 per cent. tariff.

Besides temporary exemption for goods from the Dominions and their mandated territories the published text of the bill revealed two new provisions about which the government previously had said nothing. It contained also a full list of articles exempt under the proposed tariff.

News that products of the Dominion would enter Great Britain free until the middle of next November came as something of a surprise in view of previous statements in the House leading to the belief that they would be exempt only until after the Imperial Economic Conference which will open at Ottawa July 18.

One new provision is a welcome surprise to shipbuilding interests. Imported goods consigned direct to a shipbuilding yard, and intended for use in the building, repairing or refitting of ships in that yard, will be exempt from the 10 per cent duty. This effectively secures the exemption of the raw materials for one of the greatest of British industries.

The other new provision is a census of production. Instead of having to wait for long periods the Board of Trade will now be enabled to get, at any time, information on production that it desires.

Another important feature revealed by the text is that the new tariff advisory committee will not be permitted to consider any additions to the free list, until the 10 per cent duty has been in force for at least six months.

Critic articles on the free list, and which therefore do not apply to the Dominion will not receive the additional 10 per cent measure of Imperial preference, are:

Wheat in grain, meat including bacon, raw cotton and raw wool, fish of British catch, tea, newspapers, cinematograph in rolls containing less than 70 per cent. mechanical wood pulp; wood pulp, raw rubber, iron and steel wire.

All agricultural and horticultural products from the Dominion, with the exception where, are liable to the duty.

The bill, which, when it becomes law, will change the whole fiscal system of Great Britain, consists of three parts, 22 clauses in all, and three schedules.

The bill aims at restricting the importation of goods "in the national interest," it states, and at "making addition to the public revenue." The general ad valorem duties will be imposed from March 1 next.

Steps are already being taken by the government to constitute the import duties advisory committee so it may be able to function at the earliest possible moment.

To Amend Juvenile Act

Bill Designed To Meet Representations Received From Seven Provinces

Ottawa, Ont.—A bill to amend the Juvenile Delinquents Act, in line with representations received from the Province of Manitoba, endorsed by six other provinces, was given first reading in the House of Commons today. Hon. Hugh Guthrie, Minister of Justice, explained that the amendment arose from the fact that the act as it now stands provides that it is an offence for anyone to contribute, promote, or procure a child to become a delinquent. It has been held by magistrates in certain courts, however, that while a man might do all in his power to procure a youth to become a delinquent, if that youth did not actually become a delinquent, the man was not punishable.

It was proposed to insert a clause providing that it shall not be a valid defence to a prosecution that, notwithstanding the conduct of the accused, the child did not in fact become a delinquent.

The amendment, Mr. Guthrie said, was endorsed by nearly all the Children's Aid Societies.

No Information Available

Ottawa, Ont.—The government has no information as to when the report of the Royal Commission on Transportation will be made, nor whether further sittings of the Commission will be held, said Premier Duggan in the House of Commons. He was answering a question by C. R. McIntosh (Lib. North Battleford).

W. N. U. 1029

Favorable Wheat Situation

Increased Demand For Export Grain Has Made Market Firmer

Ottawa, Ont.—Increased export demand for Canadian wheat during the next two months, with resultant higher prices, appears inevitable.

In a statement issued recently by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, favorable factors in the wheat situation are summarized, and it is declared a large continental demand is even now making itself felt.

Broomhall, noted Liverpool authority, who has taken the pessimistic view until recently, now has indicated a growing appreciation of the constructive factors in the wheat situation.

He says:

"Larger buying of foreign wheat by Italy and France, as previously predicted, has already a firming influence upon world's markets and we are of the opinion that continued heavy buying will prevail during the coming six months, including a better demand from Germany which would be essential to provide the necessary food for the people. The United Kingdom may buy slightly less actively, but the consumption of India, which is certainly alarmingly large just now. The strength in America and the lack of Russian offerings must in time make for a much better selling market for our exporters."

Developments point to a shortage of food materials in Europe at the present time, and that there are no large supplies of wheat in normality exporting European countries.

Forecast of government legislation to bolster values on the Buenos Aires futures market, which may encourage the export of wheat in the Argentine, appears as a favorable factor here. If the Argentine action is too drastic, it would mean the switching of wheat to Winnipeg where a free holding market exists.

Cold Strike In New Area

Large Mining Group Has Taken Option In Manitoba

The Pas, Man.—While Manitoba's winter gold rush at Island Lake is proceeding with increasing vigor word of another gold strike reached here.

The new strike is near mile 286 on the Hudson Bay railway and a large mining group has optioned a group of claims there. Drills and equipment will be taken within a few days to begin exploration work.

In the course of the location of the claims, other than that Mile 286 would be the basis of operation, were divulged. Word of the development, however, confirmed rumors of a gold-silver strike somewhere along the Hudson Bay railway which have been current in the prospecting fraternity here for weeks.

The strike is directly east of here on the Manitoba-Ontario border is now being put to the test of drilling and blasting operations by equipment and men taken in by aeroplane. Staking of additional claims continues.

Well Known Novelist Dead

Edgar Wallace Succumbed To Pneumonia After Brief Illness

Beverly Hills, Cal.—Edgar Wallace, 56, who became one of the world's most prolific and highest paid writers after starting life as a newsboy in the slums of London, England, died February 10, death being due to double pneumonia.

A million and a half of Edgar Wallace's books have been sold in this country. His publisher's estimate. It took him about two weeks to write a book, and a week-end was usually enough for a play. In his spare time he conducted a racing column for a London newspaper.

To vary this activity he tried politics, standing as a Liberal candidate for parliament in October 1931, but he was defeated. Wallace was born in 1875 and began writing 20 years later.

Wallace came to Hollywood from his home in England several months ago to write screenplays.

Air Mail Cost

Ottawa, Ont.—At an estimated total cost to the government of \$12,339 there were from July 1, 1931, to January 31, 1932, 224,044 pounds of mail carried in the air mail services, which is a total mileage estimated at 644,786 miles. These figures were shown to the House of Commons by Hon. Arthur Saupe, postmaster-general.

Want Bilingual Coins

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons will be asked to approve a resolution advocating that Canadian currency should be in both English and French, in connection with the bill (House), has placed this request on the order paper of the House.

Students Against War

Demonstration At Tokyo Against Course Pursued At Shanghai

Tokyo, Japan.—The first public demonstration of any moment against Japanese action in Shanghai and Manchuria took place recently at the Imperial University.

Twenty-five students were arrested for participating in a protest. No need at which handlings, urging the people to "stop this imperialistic war," were distributed.

Eight hundred students, assembled in front of the main lecture hall of the university, heard speeches by four of their colleagues and then attempted to parade through the streets in the vicinity carrying red banners. The police dispersed them and arrested the leaders.

Seed Oats Shipped

Sho On Way To Saskatchewan From Peace River Country

Calgary, Alberta.—Shipments of oats from the Peace River country are already under way to the relief commission in Saskatchewan, states A. E. Wilson, of Regina.

Wilson, manager of the Saskatchewan relief commission, said his province would need to acquire up to 2,000,000 bushels of seed oats, and 1,000,000 bushels seed barley. No seed wheat would be needed, he said, as there were 5,500,000 bushels in Saskatchewan country elevators.

TARIFF BILL IS INTRODUCED IN BRITISH COMMONS

London, England.—The "trade bill" to establish a general 10 per cent tariff on imports to Great Britain was introduced in the House of Commons in "summary" form and given its first reading.

After the government had laid disposal of two Labor amendments which would have limited operation of duties to one year and placed all foodstuffs on the free list.

The bill was then introduced by Rt. Hon. Neville Chamberlain, and given first reading. Exact contents were still unknown.

It was not known what products would be exempt from the effects of the bill, beyond that they would include grain, meat, including bacon, raw wool and cotton, tea and coffee.

In the House of Lords Viscount Snowden, of Ickersham, made his first speech in a peer, telling why he thought a general 10 per cent. tariff would be "disastrous to the economic and industrial life and to the prosperity of the country."

Viscount Snowden told the lords why he remains a member of the cabinet as Lord Privy Seal, despite his disagreement with the protectionist measures put forward by the government.

Referring scornfully to assertions that such an arrangement violated all precedent, he said that "if mankind always had remained the slave of prejudice we should still be living in caves eating shellfish."

CANADIAN SELECTED

Suggests Three-Man Directorate To Govern The Prairie

Montreal, Que.—"What the west needs most of all at present is a complete holiday from legislation for the next five years. It should have a three-man directorship to run the prairie," said Mayor Ralph Webb, of Winnipeg, who was in Montreal recently on his way to Lake Placid.

Mayor Webb was asked what the sentiment on the prairies was towards the proposal of Premier John Bracken, of Manitoba, for a united government of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

If you want to know my opinion," said Mayor Webb, "I would tell Premier Bracken to try to solve the problems of Manitoba before he tries to take the problems of the other provinces. He's got plenty of work to do there."

Cold Wave In Europe

Eleven Men and Women Frozen To Death In Romania

London, England.—Snow and bitter cold has swept over most of Europe, and numerous deaths were reported from several parts of the continent.

In Romania 11 men and women in a wagon were found frozen to death and their horses also perished on a country road. All the members of two families were reported to have frozen in a Romanian village and the Danube was covered with ice for several miles.

In northeastern France three persons died, and the snow interrupted shipping and train service.

The lowest temperature in France was five degrees above zero, but there was snow as far south as Bordeaux.

London had the first real snowfall of the winter and in some of England's rural districts the snow was a foot deep. All small craft in the channel took shelter from a strong easterly gale.

East Provides Market For Western Fish

Two Special Trains Carried Consignment From Prairies

Winnipeg, Man.—Shipments of fresh fish from the west to the Canadian National Railway, a train of fifteen cars of frozen fish left Prince Rupert with its cargo consignment of mainly to Toronto, Montreal, Windsor, Chicago and New York.

The movement of fresh fish from the prairies was featured by a consignment of eleven heated cars which were routed east on an ocean section of the Continental Limited.

Trade Vessel From Scotland

Montreal, Que.—Scotland is to send an official trade mission ship to Canada this spring, according to Graham Donaldson of the Anchor Dominion Line, Glasgow, who arrived in Montreal to conclude arrangements at this end.

British Chiefs In Shanghai



On the shoulders of these men rests the responsibility for the protection of British and American citizens in war-torn Shanghai. This unusual photograph, made during a conference of military chiefs, was left to the international settlement; Major Percy Williams, of the British defense forces; Major General Barrett, also of the British, and Brigadier-General Richard Pringle, in command of the British troops in the settlement. The force of both nations are being heavily reinforced to cope with any emergencies that may arise.

Too Much Legislation

Suggests Three-Man Directorate To Govern The Prairie

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Vessels Protected

Canadian Ships Are Safeguarded At Port Of Shanghai

Montreal, Que.—Despite repeated threats by air and by Japanese naval craft movements of foreign shipping at Shanghai have not been interfered with according to a cable received here by General Stephen, vice-president in charge of traffic, Canadian Pacific Railway, from Alton Cameron, the company's general manager at Hong Kong.

When bombardment occurred at Wonsung a British naval vessel stationed outside was ordered to take action with British vessels and consular authorities notify steamships.

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SOCIAL RESEARCH PLAN ADVOCATED BY WESTERN

Ottawa, Ont.—Creation of a scientific laboratory where the economic system might be dissected in an effort to remove the malignant growth of depression, was advocated in the House of Commons by Alfred Speckman, C.P.A., Red Deer. He would establish a "national council of social and economic research," patterned after the existing council on industrial and scientific problems.

The government, said Hon. H. H. Stevens, would be willing to give grants to the laboratory to carry out its work.

The machinery already existed for a scientific study of social and economic problems, said Mr. Hon. Macdonald, C.P.A., Minister of Finance. The National Council of Scientific Research might be enlarged and such questions as unemployment, underemployment and maladjustment of the commodities and welfare, referred to it for consideration.

Organized science had solved such industrial problems as production, said Mr. Speckman. The Dominion government, he said, had created the National Council of Scientific Research. He asked why Canada should not establish a similar council to grapple with social and economic problems. A ready field existed with such unsolved problems as unemployment, general distribution and low commodity values. Systematized research might find a key to the riddle of depression.

The resolution, explained Mr. Speckman, was identical with the one moved by him last year. The value of work performed by the National Council of Scientific Research was well known. Another body should be created which would be supported by the state and which would grapple with the problems indicated.

It was a curious, significant and yet timely suggestion, said Mr. Speckman, that the military chiefs, left to the international settlement; Major Percy Williams, of the British defense forces; Major General Barrett, also of the British, and Brigadier-General Richard Pringle, in command of the British troops in the settlement. The force of both nations are being heavily reinforced to cope with any emergencies that may arise.

Wallace came to Hollywood from his home in England several months ago to write screenplays.

Unemployed Demonstration

Newfoundland Premier Injured When Mob Storms Council Chamber

St. John's, Nfld.—Unemployed demonstrators pushed the police aside, forced an entrance to the council chamber where the executive was in session and endeavored to demand for an interview with Prime Minister Sir Richard Squires by shouting the council table and throwing articles about the room.

The Prime Minister received a blow on the face and had one of his arms injured when he was hurled into the chamber. An able man of 52, he was not painfully injured. He took the matter calmly, and, believing the blow to be unintentional.

The invaders were supported by several hundreds of unemployed who had gathered in the streets. The police promised to hear their resolutions for an unpaid review of due supplies the following day. He told them that the council would be in session and would instruct the officials to give them orders for supplies. The mob dispersed.

It is estimated that 1,200 families of the City of St. John's are on the government's list for rationing, while the number of unemployed in the regions in the Dominion is estimated at 20,000.

Premier MacDonald's expenses in the last election in England were \$5,175.

TO INVESTIGATE GASOLINE PRICES PREVAILING HERE

Ottawa, Ont.—Investigation of gasoline prices in Canada will be made by a parliamentary committee. The Commons passed a resolution by Dr. Thomas P. Donnelly, Liberal, Wilfrid, Bracken, calling for inquiry by the banking and commerce committee of the House.

The government had no objection to the inquiry. Premier R. E. Bennett announced. It was prepared to pass the resolution and supply technical assistance for the committee.

Three of the largest companies, the Imperial Oil Company, McCall-Petroleum Oil Company, and the British-American Oil Company had assured him they would welcome investigation of prices and bare their books before any court, the Prime Minister added.

Dr. Donnelly laid before the House comparative gasoline prices in Montreal, Quebec, and St. John's to the same gallon-measure and shown of taxation the average price in eight United States cities in 1931 was 15½ cents, he said. In eight Canadian cities, the average price was 23½ cents. This discrepancy, Dr. Donnelly said, was the Prime Minister's tariff and the extra valuations for duty purposes set by the government.

Charles E. Bolwell, Liberal, Swift Current, Sask., said that in view of his promise to remove the protection if any industry exploited Canada.

A. M. Carmichael, U.F.A., Kildersleepe, and John L. Brown, Liberal, Regina, urged the investigation be engaged to include all petroleum products.

In taking the investigation, said Premier Bennett, the government was looking to sides on the argument of excessive gasoline prices.

Last year, Dr. Donnelly said, he paid 10 cents per gallon for gasoline purchased at a station in Camden, N.J., which included three cents for tax. The same gallon represented 80.4 per cent. of an imperial gallon. On the other hand, in Ottawa, 56.9 miles distant from Camden, he had paid last year 22 cents per gallon at a service station, which included tax of five cents per gallon. Was there any reason for such a great difference, he asked.

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Mixed Farming To Solve Many Difficulties Of Western Farmers Declares Hon. Robert Weir

In balanced farming lies the solution to the difficulties confronting western Canada, farmers, declared Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture, in an address before the Canadian Club at Toronto.

Outlining the progress of western farming from its inception until the present, the Minister made a strong appeal for the support of the east, spoke optimistically of the manner in which the western farmers had faced disaster and expressed the belief that, through mixed farming, the west would soon return to its customary state of prosperity, thus benefitting the remainder of Canada.

As far as possible, he said, the government wanted to make each farm a self-sustaining one. He suggested the planting of ten acres of land with a hardy, drought-resisting grass. This ten acres, if properly sheltered, would hold moisture enough to raise food for enough stock to maintain the farmer and his family during periods of distress.

He did not believe that quite so much grain would be grown in the western provinces in the future. The northern section of those provinces were better adapted to the raising of livestock. There was less overhead expense in raising cattle in the west than there was in the east. Poultry too, he maintained, could be profitably raised in the west than the east.

Not all sections of the western provinces, he pointed out, were adapted to the raising of livestock, but in those sections which were adapted, he felt this action should be taken. With the aid of a map Mr. Weir outlined to his audience the extent of the drought areas in Saskatchewan, he declared, 75 municipalities had had crop failures for three years in succession. The area was one of approximately 25,000 square miles of the richest wheat growing country in the world. During the drought, not one green thing was grown for man or beast. As a result the government was providing relief for 246,000 people.

A provincial relief commission was operating without remuneration. At this commission, he went on, was operating at a cost of 3½ cents per head of cattle. He said that he had estimated, he said, that it cost 60 cents to administer every dollar for relief.

He paid a strong tribute to the westerners, whom he said had faced the tragic drought situation with courage and hardihood. They had refused to have charity forced upon them. They could not borrow money. But they gave their notes for repayment of all assistance advanced to them. "Their determination to take no charity was one of the brightest things in the disaster," he said.


"I have absolute faith in the west. No one knowing the westerner as I do could have any doubt of that. They are not of the ilk to quit. They do not go for something for nothing. They will win through in spite of all obstacles. I know you will do all in your power to hasten the day when again the billions of wealth of the west will flow through the channels of trade into the coffers of the east. I think the path is clear."

Mr. Weir was introduced by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, former Prime Minister, who also paid tribute to the relief commission, which, he said, was working admirably.

A Worth While Career

So many married women are restless for a career. If running a home and raising a family isn't a career, then the professions as well as business, politics and the arts are just nothing at all by comparison. A wife and mother is about the most important individual on this earth. If she has the wisdom to hold her high enough.

Coal production in Germany now averages 10,000,000 tons a month.



How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 336 Size 36

Name

Address

City

State

Most germs grow best at body temperature, 98.6 degrees Fahrenheit, but experiments show that some germs adapt themselves to low temperatures.

W. N. U. 1929

Tomatoes From Bahamas

Shipments To Be Made During Off Season In Canada

West comes from Nassau, in the Bahamas, that Canada's supply of tomatoes for the next three months will come from these islands, that an initial shipment of 3,500 crates has been made to this country, and that it is the intention to ship not less than 5,000 crates a week. This is a new development, which follows a trade entente between Canada and the West Indies, and means that during the off-season, when tomatoes are not produced in this country except in very limited quantities, instead of getting them from the United States, they will come from the Bahamas, our sister member of the British Empire. It is worthy of mention in this connection that in the Bahamas they are not discounting Canadian currency, but are taking it at its par or face value, a matter which should not be overlooked.

It has been aptly pointed out that these products are grown on British soil, by British subjects, and are handled by Canadian ships through Canadian seaports and brought to their destination by Canadian railways, an argument which carries great weight in favor of a ready market in this country.

Sound Plan To Follow

More People Should Adopt Homely Philosophy Says Negro

The story is told of a colored man who entered a store in the small town in which he lived. He was known to the merchant as an honest and hard-working man. His quest on this occasion was the purchase of a blanket, and he had a fairly well fixed idea of how much he could afford to pay. The merchant showed him something better than he was looking for and told of its superior quality, all of which the negro customer admitted, but said that he could not afford the price, adding by way of explanation: "I never knew my hat higher up than that I kin reach."

And there is quite a good deal of homely philosophy in that saying. The colored man knew what he had in hand, and he had no desire to owe the dealer anything as a second or third payment.

The trouble with a good many people, companies and nations, is that they have been hanging their hats so high they'd need a step ladder to reach them, and some person seems to have taken the ladder away.

Would Be Prepared

An Irishman, signing articles on board a ship, began to write his name with the right hand, and then changed to his left hand and so on, until he had finished. "So you can write with either hand, Pat?" asked the officer.

"Yes, sorr," replied Pat. "When I was a boy me father always said to me, 'Pat, learn to use your finger nails with yer left hand, for some day ye might lose your right hand.'"

Antique statue of Cupid, dug up in Italy, has a hand, both legs, a nose and an ear missing. Wouldn't that be an ideal ornament for the city park of Reno?

Turkey has restricted the importation of motion-picture films.

When the Power Goes Off

Only Time We Realize How We Depend On Electricity

We never realize to what extent we are living in an electrical age until the power goes off, and the folk have turned the switches on the electric range, but the kettle has not boiled, neither has there been just in the oven. We have turned more buttons and electric bulbs have failed to give forth the radiance. These who have depended on motors to produce fires of some sort or another in the furnace have had to make the best of it and be thankful that the weather was not severe.

The vacuum cleaner and the radio have had to take a holiday; the toaster on the corner of the breakfast table has been good for nothing at all; in many homes the sewing machine has not run, and the curling tongs have failed to take on their accustomed heat—all because the power was off.

We can imagine of nothing more helpless than a city newspaper office when the power ceases. The telegraph machines cease to talk; they will tell us nothing at all of what is going on in the wide world outside with which it is so adequately connected with its far-flung connections. The linotype machines cease; the metal in them, instead of remaining liquid for casting lines, becomes as hard as stubborn metal can be; there can be no plates (or pages) cast for the big press, and the press itself will not judge nor spit a wheel. Wise men and skilled there are who know all about these machines. They can speed them up when it comes close to press time; they can doctor them when they get out of condition, but they can do nothing at all when the power goes off.

Learned men can not tell us very much about electricity. To be sure they can use it and harness it and all that. But there is more adequate defining in those two words "Power's off" than in anything we ever read or heard about electricity. Then it is we begin to realize how utterly dependent we have become on this strange force which we get from wires which men have strung for us all over the country.

Canada's Northland

Modern Methods of Transportation Bringing Northern Area Closer To Civilization

The radio and the airplane are bringing about changes in Canada's Far North that were scarcely dreamed of 20 years ago. Time and space are being obliterated, and distant outposts are being securely linked to civilization. Regions that were considered worthless a comparatively short time ago—and still would be if it were not for man's inventiveness—are beginning to be utilized. What further advances the next few decades will show no one can prophesy. But if future progress is made at the rate at which it is being pushed forward today, the Far North of Canada will in no distant epoch be a very different country from what it is now.

The Journal, Providence.

The tiny planet Eros, only about 20 miles in diameter, is valuable to scientists in determining more accurately the distance of the earth from the sun and stars.

PARLIAMENT OPENS WITH SPLENDOR AND TRADITIONAL CEREMONIES

The main picture shows the scene in the Senate Chamber of the Canadian House of Parliament when His Excellency the Governor-General opened the second session of the Canadian Parliament. Her Excellency the Countess of Beatrix is shown seated on the right of the Governor-General, and the seats on both sides of the Upper Chamber. When the photograph was taken the Right Honourable R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister of the Dominion, was standing on the dais on the right of the Governor-General, making a short speech. Inset shows the Earl of Beaulieu taking the salute from the Guard of Honor on his arrival at the Parliament buildings to perform the opening ceremonies.

American Newspaper Tells Why The United States Must Help To Settle The Reparations Question

Why must the United States help to settle the reparations question? The answer is set forth in an article appearing in the New Republic, published in New York, and is as follows:

Because, unless reparations are cancelled, Germany cannot recover. If Germany does not recover, American investments abroad will be further imperilled, and Europe will not be able to resume her pre-depression purchases of our products. But reparations cannot be cancelled by Britain unless her debt to us is correspondingly reduced; for that would complete her ruin. And France will not cancel reparations, even the unconditional part, unless her corresponding payments to Britain and the United States are simultaneously remitted. Use by France and Britain of the moratorium privileges of their debt agreements with us would merely postpone the reckoning and leave confidence unsettled.

A New Venture

Salmon Packers Remove Skins Of Sockeyes Before Canning

Trying a new venture last year, with apparently satisfactory results, one of the salmon canneries on the Fraser River in British Columbia skinned the fish before canning. The use of the skins of the sockeye caught before putting the fish through the canning process and reported obtaining a price premium for the product.

Salmon are ordinarily canned without removal of the skins and the advantages obtained by the canner which has been experimenting with the use of sockeye fish, said to be in an added attractiveness in the appearance of the finished product.

The skinning process, as outlined to officers of the Dominion Department of Fisheries by the manager of the cannery, is not difficult or complicated, and is estimated to cost about three cents per fish. It is carried out by hand workers with the use of a knife, and a wooden clamp tool, which consists of two pieces about three-quarters of an inch square fastened together at one end by a light metal bolt and rounded at the other end to fit the hand.

After a cut has been made in the skin of the fish, near the tail, the clamp is attached to the skin and pulled so that it is moved along. It peels off a strip of the skin in each operation. After the fish has been cut into pieces of suitable size and packed in cans, the containers are sealed and the cooking process is carried out in the usual way.

Simply a point of incidental interest, it may be noted that sockeye skins weigh several ounces each. For example, ten skins weighed this summer averaged a little more than a third of a pound each.

The American Position

Collection Of War Debts Has Wrecked Prosperity Of The Country

Individually there is no pluckier, kinder or shrewder man than the American. Collectively there is no nation so incapable of understanding the trend of world events or of appreciating the importance of the plight of the United States today. Her vaults are full of gold and her streets are full of virtuous men. Her warehouses are crowded with goods, but their order books from foreign customers are empty. The circle is complete. The collection of war debts and reparations has wrecked the prosperity of America on a Gold Coast all her own. History has no clearer example of the inexorable law of cause and effect. Yet America refuses to face the truth. She will not or she cannot think straight. Why does not the Press of America take the situation in its own hands? If the politicians dare not speak the truth because of a presidential election in the offing, let the newspapers do so. When the officers of a ship on the stocks are only advised to wear life jackets as a means of saving the vessel it is time for the common sailor to think for himself. Daily Express, London, England.



What Does 'Misuse of Alcohol' Mean?

"Using it for purposes other than drinking."—Karlström, Oslo.

34 Rinks Compete in Oyen Mixed 'Spiei

Chart of games in the Grand Challenge

Langmuir	Langmuir	Lynett	
Morrell	Lynett		Willison
J. Johnson			
McMurray	McMurray	Willison	
J. Lees, Jr.	Willison		A. Lees
Willison	Willison		
Parcell	Wade	Wright	
Trowia	Wright		A. Lees
Wade			
Acheson			
Wright	A. Lees x		
Andy Lees		A. Lees x	
Gillespie	Stewart		A. Lees
C. Peterson			
Stewart	Neld		
Gullickson		Neid	
F. Neid	Dial		
Stephenson		Neid	
Dial	Scott		
H. Green			
Scott	Thayer		
Thayer			
W. McDonald	Bishop		
Bishop			
Miller	Thygesen		
Anderson		Thygesen	
Thygesen	Johnson		
Marshall			
A. Johnson			
Morrison	Morrison		
R. Sharp			
A. McArthur			
T. Lees			

WINNERS—Andy Lees, skip, Mrs. A. Wade, A. R. Kerr and Mrs. S. Davis.

RUNNERS UP—Frank Neid, skip, Mrs. G. Langmuir, Earl Keown and Beth Whitlock.

Chart of Games played in Second Competition

McMurray	Miller	Marshall	
Miller	Marshall		Anderson
Marshall			
Stephenson	Thayer	Anderson	
Dial			
Thayer	Anderson		
Anderson			
Peterson	Green	Purcell	
Wade	Purcell		Purcell
Green			
Tewin	Purcell		Purcell
Purcell	Morrell	Morrell	
Morrell			
Acheson	Gillespie		Langmuir
Stewart	Willison	Langmuir	
Gillespie			
Lynett	Langmuir		
Willison			
Langmuir	T. Lees	T. Lees	
J. Lees			
Morrison	Sharp		
T. Lees			
Bishop	A. Johnson	A. Johnson	
Sharp			
V. Thygesen	Gullickson		
A. Johnson		A. Johnson	
Gullickson	Wright		
Wright	McArthur	J. Johnson	
McArthur			
Scott	J. Johnson		
McDonald			
J. Johnson			

WINNERS—Geo. Langmuir, skip, Mrs. A. Johnson, Ted Mahaffey and Mrs. R. E. Gillespie.

RUNNERS UP—J. J. Purcell, skip, Winnie Love, G. MacArthur and Mrs. Willison.

About Town and Country

Entries for Oyen's open bonspiel must be in hands of secretary by 8 p.m. Monday, Feb. 22. Spiel starts Feb. 23.

Notice is given by the A.P.P. that all drivers of motor vehicles must have their 1932 licenses, and must not drive such vehicles without 1932 plates.

Dick Desmond returned to Oyen yesterday from Calgary. His many friends are glad to welcome him back and to know that he is making a satisfactory recovery after his recent operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grant and son Jimmy arrived in Oyen last Monday from Munson. Mr. Grant is now agent at Acadia Valley.

The following curlers left yesterday morning for Hanna to attend the bonspiel: Roy Sharp, Chris Willison, Jim Marshall and Warren McDonald.

Mrs. R. E. Gillespie won the ladies first prize and Mr. R. J. Scott won the men's first prize at the whist drive last Friday. The consolation prizes were won by "Granny" McDonald and Joe Trovosky.



Sandy MacDougall MacAllister MacTubb, The Eminent Rock Heaver

Sandy, who has been spending a holiday in the Orient, got fed up. He is of the opinion that Japanese diplomacy is as punk as Chinese whiskey, and is now on route to Oyen to witness the bonspiel next week. He expressed regret that he could not be here to see Andy Lees clean up on the boys (and girls) at the recently held mixed bonspiel, and then murmured something about the Scotch being a great race, and yet can't keep them down. He has asked the News to inform all and sundry of the curling ilk, that he is a self appointed committee of one to hear and decide all appeals in connection with the lastspiel. Such appeals must be in the hands of his secretary not later than 6 p.m. Saturday (this week) and after that hour no alibi will be considered. (Nor should they be mentioned.)

Sandy tells one about a young countryman of his, which is worth repeating.

It was after the first snowstorm of the year. A school teacher was telling her class, that "Boys and girls should be very careful to avoid colds at this time of the year. I had a darling little pupil only seven years old. One day he went out in the snow with his new sled and caught cold. Pneumonia set in and three days later he was dead." The schoolroom was quiet. Then young MacAllister in the back row asked: "Where did he leave his sled?"

The open bonspiel commences next Tuesday.

The Temperature

Following a drop in temperature last Wednesday night, sub zero weather was the order of the day for the balance of the week. On Sunday the weather was more moderate, and on Monday shortly after noon, it was just freezing. Between noon Monday and 8 a.m. Tuesday, it turned colder and the mercury dropped fractionally below zero, climbed to 11 above round noon but dropped to zero again at night. Today, it was thawing between 12 noon and 3 p.m. but is turning colder.

Feb. 10	20	08	-04
Feb. 11	-08	-06	-12
Feb. 12	-20	-08	-14
Feb. 13	-14	01	-14
Feb. 14	08	15	10
Feb. 15	24	32	10
Feb. 16	-04	14	01
Feb. 17	10	37	24

Advertising

"Advertising is no good when business is hard to get."

A man made the above heretical statement after observing that advertiser after advertiser had withdrawn his advertising from publication in which it had want to appear.

This perceived absence of familiar advertising from his favourite publications has a depressing effect on him. He had, he declared, convincing evidence that the courage and enterprise of sellers—of those who wanted his custom—had subsided. "If sellers pull in their horses," he said to himself, "then I had better do likewise." So he began spending less, and, by doing so, contributed something to the hardening of the arteries of business. Also, he became a shudder of gloom among his friends and acquaintances.

Aforetime, when many advertisers were injecting into him their vigour, his own validity of mind and will was plussed, and he radiated optimism and confidence, and spent his money without misgivings.

CLASSIFIED ADS

FOR SALE—Green Feed, Feed Oats and Feed Barley. Apply: Box 67, Blackfalds, Alberta.

Dr. J. M. Harvey
of Alaska
will be in Oyen
Monday and Thursday afternoons
Office at Morrison's Drug Store

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College.
Oyen, Alta.

**OYEN CARTAGE
AND TRANSFER**
Motor Truck Service
Water Delivered
Leave Orders on Pad in Office
W. D. MORRELL

Church Notices

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 21

ALL SAINTS CHURCH

Evensong 7.30 p.m.
Rev. C. M. K. Parsons
Vicar.

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

Evensong 7.30 p.m.

Rev. E. F. Kemp
All Are Cordially Invited

Curlers are engaged in a monthly knock-out competition this week, in which each member of the rink skips three ends in each game.

The dance held in Oyen Theatre last Friday night, under auspices of the ladies curling club, was well attended.

All those who are advertising sustain should, individually, do what they can to explode the theory that "advertising is no good when business is hard to get." The best thing to do is to maintain one's advertising.

Go to Church Sunday

Maclean's Magazine

Canada's National Magazine

Twice-a-month

\$2 a year. \$3 for two years.

Chas. Dunford

AGENT OYEN, ALBERTA

For Satisfactory PRINTING THE OYEN NEWS